問 題

2021年 大学院試験問題(一般入試2期)

		点

2021 The Graduate School Entrance Examination (General admission, Second term)

試 験 日	課程	科目	受験番号	氏 名
Date of the exam	Program	Examination subjects	Application No	APPLICANT NAME
2021年2月6日	博士後期課程	経済学		
6th February, 2021	Doctoral Program	Economics		

下記の設問の中から2題選び、それぞれ論述しなさい(本枠内で記載しきれない場合は、裏面を使用しても可。) 回答するに際しては、選択した設問を明記すること。

- 1. グローバル経済の中でのアメリカ・トランプ大統領の政策の評価を論じなさい。
- 2. コロナ禍の中での経済再生の課題を論じなさい。
- 3. 商品の価値形成について述べなさい。
- 4. 差額地代と絶対地代について述べなさい。

問題

2021年 大学院試験問題(一般入試2期)

		点

2021 The Graduate School Entrance Examination (General admission, Second term)

試 験 日	課程	科目	受験番号	氏 名
Date of the exam	Program	Examination subjects	Application No	APPLICANT NAME
2021年2月6日	博士後期課程	英語		
6th February, 2021	Doctoral Program	English		

下記の英文を和訳しなさい。

※辞書持ち込み可。電子辞書等はNG。

We have seen that when commodities are exchanged, their exchange-value manifests itself as something totally independent of their use-value. But if we abstract from their use-value, there remains their Value as defined above. Therefore, the common substance that manifests itself in the exchange-value of commodities, whenever they are exchanged, is their value. The progress of our investigation will show that exchange-value is the only form in which the value of commodities can manifest itself or be expressed. For the present, however, we have to consider the nature of value independently of this, its form.

A use-value, or useful article, therefore, has value only because human labour in the abstract has been embodied or materialised in it. How, then, is the magnitude of this value to be measured? Plainly, by the quantity of the value-creating substance, the labour, contained in the article. The quantity of labour, however, is measured by its duration, and labour-time in its turn finds its standard in weeks, days, and hours,