東京農業大学　2025年度　学士編入学選抜　試験問題

試験日 月　日	科目	英語 (1/2)	受験学科	バイオサイエンス学科	受験番号		氏名	

Ⅰ．次の英文を和訳しなさい。

How many English words do you need to know in order to be considered fluent? Experts disagree on the exact number of words learners need to know to achieve fluency in a new language, but they generally agree that you need to know at least several thousand.

Ⅱ．各問において、それぞれ日本語の内容を示すように《　　　》の中の語を並べ換えて、AとBに入る語を答えなさい。

(1) He intends to buy that 《matter / how / website / on / house / the / no / much / posted》 it costs.
どれだけ費用がかかっても、彼はウェブサイトに載っているその家を買うつもりだ。
He intends to buy that ＿＿＿ ＿A＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿B＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ it costs.
A(　　　　　　)　B(　　　　　　　　)

(2) He asked 《carried / knew / survey / the / if / would / me / I / when / be》 out.
その調査がいつ行われるのか知っているかと彼は私に尋ねた。
He asked ＿＿＿ ＿A＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿B＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ out.
A(　　　　　　)　B(　　　　　　　　)

(3) If that is the 《strong / have / we / take / case / against / measures / to / , / will》 the group.
もしそれが事実なら、私たちはそのグループに対して強硬な措置を取らなくてはならないだろう。
If that is the ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿A＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ ＿B＿ ＿＿＿ ＿＿＿ the group.
A(　　　　　　)　B(　　　　　　　　)

Ⅲ．各問において、空欄に最も適切な語を【　　】の中の選択肢1〜5から選び、その数字を記しなさい。
ただし、同じ語を2回以上は使用できません。文頭に来る語も小文字で示しています。

(1)　India has (　　　　　　) produced talented mathematicians and scientists. (　　　　　　), it was Indian mathematicians who introduced the concept of zero into mathematics. In the field of IT, (　　　　　　), the United States became the home of innovation, while India's role was to supply large numbers of expert engineers. India's IT companies were hired by US clients to provide services such as writing software code. India was perfect for tasks such as these. (　　　　　　), it had a huge number of talented engineers whose salaries were lower than those of US engineers. For another, the large time difference between India and the US meant that Indian companies would be hard at work (　　　　　　) their US clients were asleep.
【　1. for one thing　　2. in fact　　3. always　　4. while　　5. however　】

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(2) One of the most common everyday (　　　　　) of AI is voice detection. This feature enables digital assistants like Apple's Siri or Amazon's Alexa to understand commands and respond accordingly by answering questions, composing messages, or setting reminders. Recent technological (　　　　　) suggest that AI can now interpret not only our speech but also our (　　　　　). It does this by analyzing subtle changes in facial expressions that reveal our feelings. This capability, known as emotion (　　　　　) technology, is becoming more widespread. However, its use is not without controversy, particularly in the (　　　　　) of security, where it is increasingly employed at airports to detect signs of dishonesty or nervousness.

【　1. area　　2. uses　　3. emotions　　4. advances　　5. recognition　】

IV. 各問において、空欄に最も適切な語を【　　】の中の選択肢 1〜5 から選び、その数字を記しなさい

(1) (　　　　) you start playing this game, you can't stop until it's over.
【　1. Unless　　2. Though　　3. Before　　4. Once 】

(2) We thought Mary (　　　) the game, but to our surprise, she didn't.
【　1. will win　　2. had won　　3. winning　　4. would win 】

(3) Noah has three times (　　　) of books I have.
【　1. number　　2. the number　　3. as many　　4. so many 】

(4) "I'm supposed to meet John here, but he's not here yet. I hope he (　　　)."
"Don't worry. I know he knows the way. He should be here at any minute."
【　1. can't get lost　　2. hasn't gotten lost　　3. hadn't gotten lost　　4. might not get lost 】

(5) I wonder how (　　　) his boring presentation will end.
【　1. soon　　2. early　　3. shortly　　4. long 】

(6) It is (　　　) for us to solve the problem on our own. We need some expert's advice.
【　1. incapable　　2. unable　　3. ineligible　　4. impossible 】

(7) When I looked out of the window, I saw Emma (　　　) the street.
【　1. to cross　　2. cross　　3. is crossing　　4. crossed 】

(8) Please explain what caused the oxygen level (　　　)?
【　1. dropping　　2. to drop　　3. to dropping　　4. dropped 】

(9) "I was waiting for your call last night." "I decided (　　　) you because you seemed busy.
【　1. not to call　　2. not call to　　3. to call not　　4. to not call 】

(10) (　　　) do you like your new smart phone?
【　1. What　　2. How　　3. Which　　4. Where 】